

Financial Statements April 30, 2020 and 2019

Jerome Foundation



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors and Members Jerome Foundation, Inc. Saint Paul, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Jerome Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation), which comprise the statements of financial position as of April 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of April 30, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Minneapolis, Minnesota

Ed Sailly LLP

August 11, 2020

	2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 359,976	\$ 243,807
Other receivables	32	-
Prepaid expenses	22,626	72,155
Investments (Note 3)	99,228,462	104,944,265
Property and equipment, net (Note 4)	305,277	345,197
	\$ 99,916,373	\$ 105,605,424
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Liabilities		
Grant commitments payable (Note 6)	\$ 4,857,144	\$ 945,370
Accounts payable	553	9,850
Accrued liabilities	64,317	59,844
Deferred excise tax payable (Note 9)	296,689	524,003
Total liabilities	5,218,703	1,539,067
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions	94,697,670	104,066,357
Total net assets	94,697,670	104,066,357
	\$ 99,916,373	\$ 105,605,424

Jerome Foundation Statements of Activities Years Ended April 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019				
	Without Donor	With Donor		Without Donor	With Donor			
	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total	Restrictions	Restrictions	Total		
Revenue, Support, and Gains								
Contributions	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 100		
Net investment return	(866,497)	· -	(866,497)	6,698,960	27,860	6,726,820		
Other income	144,309	-	144,309	-	, -	-		
Net assets released from restrictions	-	-	-	4,328,026	(4,328,026)	-		
Total revenue, support, and gains	(722,188)	-	(722,188)	11,027,086	(4,300,166)	6,726,920		
Expenses and Losses								
Program services	8,244,005	_	8,244,005	2,083,101	_	2,083,101		
Management and general	402,494	-	402,494	510,005	-	510,005		
Total expenses	8,646,499		8,646,499	2,593,106		2,593,106		
Change in Net Assets	(9,368,687)	-	(9,368,687)	8,433,980	(4,300,166)	4,133,814		
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	104,066,357		104,066,357	95,632,377	4,300,166	99,932,543		
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 94,697,670	\$ -	\$ 94,697,670	\$ 104,066,357	\$ -	\$ 104,066,357		

See Notes to Financial Statements

	Program Services	Management and General		Total
Salaries and Wages	\$ 332,736	\$	219,976	\$ 552,712
Payroll Taxes	21,565		10,788	32,353
Benefits	87,186		34,027	121,213
Total personnel expenses	441,487		264,791	706,278
Grants	7,492,114		-	7,492,114
Professional Fees	98,991		63,842	162,833
Contract Services	33,168		10,809	43,977
Travel Expenses	57,719		8,032	65,751
Postage and Mailing	621		932	1,553
Printing and Copying	1,574		2,361	3,935
Telephone	2,640		3,960	6,600
Supplies	468		4,214	4,682
Rent	51,082		17,948	69,030
Professional Development	75		499	574
Membership and Dues	99		35	134
Technology	20,921		4,742	25,663
General Insurance	8,354		2,974	11,328
Miscellaneous Expenses	-		5,166	5,166
Depreciation	 34,692		12,189	 46,881
Total expenses included in				
the expense section on				
the statement of activities	\$ 8,244,005	\$	402,494	\$ 8,646,499

	Program Services	Management and General	Total
Salaries and Wages	\$ 293,733	\$ 209,861	\$ 503,594
Payroll Taxes	18,519	10,097	28,616
Benefits	61,542	24,942	86,484
Total personnel expenses	373,794	244,900	618,694
Grants	1,455,142	-	1,455,142
Professional Fees	102,032	91,448	193,480
Contract Services	14,450	5,143	19,593
Travel Expenses	42,828	25,370	68,198
Postage and Mailing	1,730	2,595	4,325
Printing and Copying	754	1,131	1,885
Telephone	1,918	2,876	4,794
Supplies	672	6,051	6,723
Rent	36,966	12,988	49,954
Professional Development	1,861	431	2,292
Membership and Dues	264	94	358
Technology	19,844	4,549	24,393
General Insurance	8,492	3,022	11,514
Miscellaneous Expenses	-	5,423	5,423
Depreciation	22,354	7,854	30,208
Federal Excise Tax		96,130	96,130
Total expenses included in			
the expense section on			
the statement of activities	\$ 2,083,101	\$ 510,005	\$ 2,593,106

	2020	2019
Reconciliation of Change in Net Assets to Net Cash		
from Operating Activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (9,368,687)	\$ 4,133,814
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	, , , , ,	
used for operating activities		
Depreciation	46,881	30,208
Realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	3,378,080	(3,872,325)
Change in beneficial interest in value of charitable		
remainder trust	-	(27,860)
Deferred excise tax expense	-	54,842
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	4 1	
Other receivables	(32)	2,184
Prepaid expenses	49,529	(36,415)
Excise tax payable	(227,314)	- (2.070.004)
Grant commitments payable	3,911,774	(2,978,094)
Accrued liabilities	4,473	13,136
Accounts payable	(9,297)	(8,909)
Net Cash used for Operating Activities	(2,214,593)	(2,689,419)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	(6,961)	(362,196)
Withdrawal from assets held under	(, , ,
beneficial interest in value of		
charitable remainder trust	-	4,300,166
Purchases of investments	(2,481,843)	(7,161,724)
Proceeds from sales of investments	4,819,566	5,720,864
Net Cash from Investing Activities	2,330,762	2,497,110
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	116,169	(192,309)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	243,807	436,116
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 359,976	\$ 243,807
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information Cash paid during the year for Excise tax	\$ 35,000	\$ 82,000

Note 1 - Principal Activity and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Jerome Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) is a private foundation incorporated under the laws of Minnesota. Grants are made to support programs and projects located in the State of Minnesota and New York City in the areas of dance, literature, film and video, digital media, multidisciplinary arts, music, theater, and visual arts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. Cash and highly liquid financial instruments restricted to building projects, endowments that are perpetual in nature, or other long-term purposes are excluded from this definition.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment additions over \$3,000 are recorded at cost, or if donated, at fair value on the date of donation. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 4 to 10 years, or in the case of capitalized leased assets or leasehold improvements, the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the lease term. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is included in the statements of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed currently.

The Foundation reviews the carrying values of property and equipment for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no indicators of asset impairment during the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value based upon quoted market prices, when available, or estimates of fair value. Donated assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation, or, if sold immediately after receipt, at the amount of sales proceeds received (which are considered a fair measure of the value at the date of donation). Those investments for which fair value is not readily determinable are carried at cost or, if donated, at fair value at the date of donation, or if no value can be estimated, at a nominal value. The Foundation records the change of ownership of bonds and stocks on the day a trade is made. Net investment return/(loss) is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor (or certain grantor) restrictions.

New Assets With Donor Restrictions – Net assets subject to donor- (or certain grantor-) imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. The Foundation reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Donor-imposed restrictions are released when a restriction expires, that is, when the stipulated time has elapsed, when the stipulated purpose for which the resource was restricted has been fulfilled, or both. There were no net assets with donor restrictions as of April 30, 2020 and 2019.

Contributions

Revenue is recognized when earned. The Organization recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been met. As of April 30, 2020 and 2019, there were no conditional promises to give.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of program and supporting services activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributed to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include rent and utilities, general insurance, and depreciation, which are allocated on a square footage basis, as well as salaries and wages, benefits, payroll taxes, contract services, postage and mailing, printing and copying, telephone, supplies, technology, professional development, membership and dues, investment fees, and timber management fees which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

Tax-Exempt Status

The Foundation has received notification that it qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and corresponding provisions of State law. Due to the Foundation's classification as a private foundation under the Internal Revenue Code, it pays an excise tax of 2% (reduced to 1% if certain requirements are met) of its net taxable investment income. Any unrelated business income may also be subject to taxation. The Foundation is not currently under examination by any taxing jurisdiction.

The Foundation follows the accounting standards for contingencies in evaluating uncertain tax positions. This guidance prescribes recognition threshold principles for the financial statement recognition of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return that are not certain to be realized. No liability has been recognized by the Foundation for uncertain tax positions as of April 30, 2020 and 2019. The Foundation's tax returns are subject to review and examination by federal and state authorities.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Foundation to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Grants

Grant commitments are charged to operations at the time the grants are approved and signed by the Board of Directors, or the President as designated by the Board.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Deposit concentration risk is managed by placing cash, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit with financial institutions believed by the Foundation to be creditworthy. At times, amounts on deposit may exceed insured limits or include uninsured investments in money market mutual funds. To date, no losses have been experienced in any of these accounts. Credit risk associated with accounts receivable and promises to give is considered to be limited due to high historical collection rates and because substantial portions of the outstanding amounts are due from Board members, governmental agencies, and foundations supportive of the Foundation's mission. Investments are made by diversified investment managers whose performance is monitored by the Foundation and the investment committee of the Board of Directors. Although the fair values of investments are subject to fluctuation on a year-to-year basis, the Foundation and the investment committee believe that the investment policies and guidelines are prudent for the long-term welfare of the organization.

Note 2 - Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, comprise the following:

	2020	2019
Cash and cash equivalents Operating investments	\$ 359,976 96,969,762	\$ 243,807 102,618,565
	\$ 97,329,738	\$ 102,862,372

As part of its liquidity management, the Foundation maintains liquid assets sufficient to meet its ongoing funding needs, which include IRS distribution requirements, general expenditures, and other obligations. Its main source of income is derived from investment earnings. The investment strategy of the Foundation emphasizes total return, i.e. the aggregated return from capital appreciation and dividend and interest income. The primary objective of the investment policy is to achieve returns equal to or greater than the rate of inflation, the annual excise tax on net investment income, and the annual required minimum distribution amount. These earnings are expected to be adequate to meet the Foundation's ongoing funding needs.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

Fair Value Hierarchy

Certain assets are reported at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset based on the best information available. A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be accessed at the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u> – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and market-corroborated inputs.

<u>Level 3</u> – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. In these situations, inputs are developed using the best information available in the circumstances.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to the Foundation's assessment of the quality, risk, or liquidity profile of the asset or liability.

A significant portion of investment assets are classified within Level 1 because they comprise open-end mutual funds with readily determinable fair values based on daily redemption values. The fair value of timber and timberlands has no readily determinable fair value, therefore the valuation is based on significant unobservable inputs. The Foundation has estimated the fair value of the timber and timberlands using market price data from comparable transactions for land and timber in close proximity and review of discounted cash flow analyses of forestry activities. This is considered to be a Level 3 measurement.

The following table presents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at April 30, 2020:

	Total		Level 1		Lev	vel 2	Level 3	
Money market funds and short-term investments	\$	1,233	\$	1,233	\$	-	\$	-
Mutual funds - domestic stocks Mutual funds - international		56,742,168		56,742,168		-		-
stocks		18,717,866		18,717,866		-		-
Mutual funds - bonds		21,508,495		21,508,495		-		-
Timber and timberlands		2,258,700						2,258,700
Total	\$	99,228,462	\$	96,969,762	\$		\$	2,258,700

The following table presents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at April 30, 2019:

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Money market funds and				
short-term investments	\$ 1,827	\$ 1,827	\$ -	\$ -
Mutual funds - domestic stocks	57,284,516	57,284,516	-	-
Mutual funds - international				
stocks	19,972,676	19,972,676	-	-
Mutual funds - bonds	25,359,546	25,359,546	-	-
Timber and timberlands	2,325,700			2,325,700
Total	\$ 104,944,265	\$ 102,618,565	\$ -	\$ 2,325,700

The following table presents a reconciliation of the statement of financial position amounts for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended April 30, 2020:

	Balances April 30, 2019	Net Realized and Unrealized Gains Included in Change in Net Assets				Net Tra In (O	ut) of	Balances April 30, 2020		
Timber and timberlands	\$ 2,325,700	\$	(67,000)	\$		\$		\$	2,258,700	
	\$ 2,325,700	\$	(67,000)	\$		\$		\$	2,258,700	
The amount of total losses	•									

The amount of total losses for the period included in net assets attributable to the change in unrealized losses relating to Level 3 assets still held at April 30, 2020.

\$ 67,000

The following table presents a reconciliation of the statement of financial position amounts for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the year ended April 30, 2019:

	Balances April 30, 2018	Net Realized and Unrealized Gains Included in Change in Net Assets	Purchases, Sales, Issuances and Settlement, Net	Net Transfers In (Out) of Level 3	Balances April 30, 2019		
Timber and timberlands	\$ 2,467,000	\$ (141,300)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,325,700		
	\$ 2,467,000	\$ (141,300)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,325,700		
The amount of total gains for the period included in net assets attributable to the change in unrealized gains relating to Level 3 assets still held at April 30, 2019.							

Note 4 - Property and Equipment

A summary of property costs and accumulated depreciation at April 30 is as follows:

	1	2020		2019
Equipment Vehicle Leasehold improvements	\$	92,156 28,821 283,490		\$ 86,746 28,821 282,190
		404,467		397,757
Less accumulated depreciation		99,190	_	52,560
	\$	305,277	:	\$ 345,197

Note 5 - Lease Commitments

Office space is leased under an operating lease expiring during 2028.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Years Ending April 30,	 Amount	
2021	\$ 55 <i>,</i> 475	
2022	57,144	
2023	58,855	
2024	60,614	
2025	62,433	
Thereafter	 227,611	
	\$ 522,132	

Rent expense for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, totaled \$69,030 and \$49,954, respectively.

Note 6 - Grant Commitments Payable

Grant activity for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, is summarized as follows:

	2020		2019	
Grant commitments payable, beginning of year Grants awarded, net Payments	\$	945,370 7,492,114 (3,580,340)	\$	3,923,464 1,455,142 (4,433,236)
Grant commitments payable, end of year	\$	4,857,144	\$	945,370

At April 30, 2020, grant commitments payable are expected to be paid as follows:

Year Ending April 30	
2021	\$ 4,857,144
Total grant commitments payable	\$ 4,857,144

Note 7 - Employee Benefits

The Foundation has a defined contribution profit-sharing and 401(k) plan for all eligible employees. Contributions are subject to the Board of Directors' discretion. Employer contributions for the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, amounted to 7.5% and 6% of qualified compensation per employee, respectively. The Foundation also matched up to and including 7.5% of qualified compensation for any employee who contributed up to and including 7.5% to the retirement plan for the year ended April 30, 2020. The Foundation also matched up to and including 3% of qualified compensation for any employee who contributed up to and including 3% to the retirement plan for the year ended April 30, 2019. Retirement plan expense was \$76,188 and \$43,326, respectively.

Note 8 - Related Party Transactions

The Camargo Foundation, a legally separate operating foundation also founded by artist and philanthropist Jerome Hill, conducts artist in residency programs in Cassis, France. Since 2013, individual Directors who serve on the Board of the Foundation were also elected to serve as individual Trustees of the Camargo Foundation. In addition, the Foundation's President also served as the Director of the Camargo Foundation. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, the governance of the two organization was restructured, which resulted in three of eight overlapping Board members as of April 30, 2018, and a separation of the executive leadership of both organizations. While during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, there was one overlapping Board member of the total eight Board members, none of the nine Jerome Board members served Camargo Board during the year ending April 30, 2020. For the years ended April 30, 2020 and 2019, the Foundation awarded grants totaling \$0 and \$1,007,000, respectively, in support of Camargo Foundation's operations. As of April 30, 2020 and 2019, amounts due from the Foundation to the Camargo Foundation were \$0 and \$8,000, respectively. In addition, the Foundation has other related party transactions during the year ended April 30, 2020. The following grant commitments were to related parties during the year ended April 30, 2020: \$35,000 to Poets House, \$175,000 to The Playwrights' Center, \$65,000 to The Public Theater (aka New York Shakespeare Festival), \$50,000 to Rhizome Communications, \$65,000 to Kundiman, Inc., \$12,550 to Minnesota Council on Foundations, and \$21,000 to Grantmakers in the Arts. As of April 30, 2020, the following payables were to related parties: \$44,000 to Twin Cities Theaters of Color Coalition (via fiscal sponsor Propel Nonprofits), \$85,000 to The Public Theater (aka New York Shakespeare Festival), \$59,000 to Rhizome Communications, \$20,000 to Kundiman, Inc., and \$80,000 to The Playwrights' Center.

Note 9 - Federal Excise Tax

The Foundation is subject to an excise tax on its taxable investment income, which includes income from investments plus net realized capital gains. The tax on net investment income is reduced from 2% to 1% for any taxable year in which the Foundation's qualifying distributions meet certain minimum requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. During the year ended April 30, 2020, the Foundation's qualifying distributions did not meet the qualification for the reduced tax rate, which resulted in the determination of current tax expense based upon the 2% rate. During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Foundation's qualifying distributions did meet the minimum requirements, which resulted in the determination of current tax expense based upon the 1% rate.

Deferred excise taxes are calculated based upon the 2% rate and result from the difference between the carrying value and tax basis of the Foundation's investments, as well as from certain income and expense items being accounted for in different time periods for financial statement purposes than for federal excise tax purposes.

The federal excise tax provision consists of the following:

	 2020		2019	
Current Deferred	\$ 83,005 (227,314)	\$	41,288 54,842	
	\$ (144,309)	\$	96,130	

Note 10 - Subsequent events

Investments

Subsequent to year-end, the United States and global markets experienced significant volatility in value resulting from uncertainty caused by the world-wide coronavirus pandemic. The Foundation is closely monitoring its investment portfolio and its liquidity and is actively working to minimize the impact of this volatility. The Foundation's financial statements do not include adjustments to fair value that have resulted from this volatility.

General Operations

Subsequent to year-end, the Foundation has been impacted by the effects of the world-wide coronavirus pandemic. The Foundation is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation.

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through August 11, 2020, which is the date that the financial statements were approved and available to be issued.